## WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

 A polymerizable molten salt monomer represented by the following general formula (I):

$$\begin{array}{c}
\bigoplus \\
Q - \left[ -Y_1 - \left( -CH_2CH_2O \right)_n - Y_2 \right]_m \\
\bigotimes \\
X
\end{array}$$
(I)

wherein Q represents a nitrogen-containing aromatic heterocyclic atomic group which can form a cation;  $Y_1$  represents a divalent interlocking group or a bonding hand;  $Y_2$  represents a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl group; n represents an integer of from 2 to 20; m represents an integer of 2 or more;  $X^-$  represents an anion; plural  $Y_1$ 's and plural  $Y_2$ 's may be the same or different, respectively, with the proviso that at least one of  $Y_2$ 's has a polymerizable substituent group; and a plurality of the compounds of the general formula (I) may be connected to each other at Q or  $Y_2$  to form a dimer, trimer or tetramer.

2. The polymerizable molten salt monomer according to Claim 1, wherein the general formula (I) is represented by the following general formula (II):

$$\left(\begin{array}{c} Q \\ X \end{array}\right) \left(\begin{array}{c} R_1 \\ m_2 \end{array}\right) \left(\begin{array}{c} Y_1 \\ N \end{array}\right) \left[\begin{array}{c} Y_1 - \left(-CH_2CH_2O\right) \\ N \end{array}\right] m_1$$
 (II)

wherein  $Y_1$  represents a divalent interlocking group or a bonding hand;  $Y_2$  represents a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl group;  $R_1$  represents a substituent; n represents an integer of from 2 to 20;  $m_1$  represents an integer of from 2 to 5;  $m_2$  represents an integer of from 0 to  $(5-m_1)$ ;  $X^*$  represents an anion; plural  $Y_1$ 's and plural  $Y_2$ 's may be the same or different, respectively, with the proviso that at least one of  $Y_2$ 's has a polymerizable substituent group; and a plurality of the compounds of the general formula (II) may be connected to each other at  $R_1$  or  $Y_2$  to form a dimer, trimer or tetramer.

3. The polymerizable molten salt monomer according to Claim 1, wherein the general formula (I) is represented by the following general formula (III):

$$\left(\begin{array}{c} \bigoplus \\ X \end{array}\right) \left(\begin{array}{c} \bigoplus \\ Y_1 \end{array}\right) \left(\begin{array}{c} CH_2CH_2O \end{array}\right)_{n} Y_2 \right]_{m_1}$$

wherein  $Y_1$  represents a divalent interlocking group or a bonding hand;  $Y_2$  represents a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl group;  $R_1$  represents a substituent; n represents an integer of from 2 to 20;  $m_1$  represents an integer of from 2 to 6;  $m_2$  represents an integer of from 0 to  $(6-m_1)$ ;  $X^-$  represents an anion; plural  $Y_1$ 's and plural  $Y_2$ 's may be the same or different, respectively, with the proviso that at least one of  $Y_2$ 's has a polymerizable substituent group; and a plurality of the compounds of the general formula (III) may be connected to each other at  $R_1$  or  $Y_2$  to form a dimer, trimer or tetramer.

- 4. The polymerizable molten salt monomer according to Claim 1, wherein said polymerizable group is an ethylenically unsaturated group.
- 5. The polymerizable molten salt monomer according to Claim 1, wherein said polymerizable group contains a group selected from the group consisting of an acryloyl group, a methacryloyl group and a styryl group.
- 6. The polymerizable molten salt monomer according to Claim 1, wherein said polymerizable group is represented by the following general formula (IV):

$$-Y_3 - \stackrel{\text{C}}{\text{C}} - \underset{\text{R}_2}{\text{C}} - \text{CH}_2$$

wherein  $R_2$  represents a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group;  $-Y_3-$  represents -O-,  $-N\left(R_3\right)-$  or a single bond; and  $R_3$  represents a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group.

- 7. The polymerizable molten salt monomer according to Claim 1, wherein  $X^{-}$  in the general formulae (I) to (III) is a halogen anion, an amide anion or a fluoride anion containing at least one element selected from the group consisting of boron (B), phosphorus (P) and sulfur (S).
- 8. The polymerizable molten salt monomer according to Claim 1, wherein  $X^{\text{-}}$  in the general formulae (I), (II) and (III) is an iodine anion.
- 9. An electrolyte composition containing a polymer compound obtained by polymerizating a polymerizable molten salt monomer according to Claim 1.
- 10. The electrolyte composition according to Claim 9, further comprising iodine.
- 11. The electrolyte composition according to Claim 9, further comprising a lithium salt.
- 12. An electrochemical cell containing an electrolyte composition according to Claim 9.
  - 13. A photoelectrochemical cell comprising:
- a charge-transferring layer containing an electrolyte composition according to Claim 9;

- a photosensitive layer containing a semiconductor  $\label{eq:semiconductor} \text{sensitized with a dye; and}$ 
  - a counter electrode.
- $$14.\,$  A nonaqueous secondary cell containing an electrolyte composition according to Claim 9.